



Y-CARE

## VISITING PUBLIC EVENT

### Key message/Summary

Exercise allow pupils/students to become familiar with the structure of the organization and functioning of extremist groups and monitor one of the local extremist groups for longer-term. Their findings are important for developing awareness of how many active extremist groups exist in their environments, who are their members, what are their main objectives, who are they supported by (f.e.:political parties, businessmen, religious representatives) and what are the visible implications of their actions in society.

Module	Group size	Group age	Duration
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Prevention</li><li>• Intervention</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• small</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 20 - 24</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1 hour</li></ul>

### Purpose

- learn more about organization and functioning of extremist groups in general;
- learn more about local extremist groups;
- understand how they promote and justify their ideas (values) through violent actions in public;
- observe how members of extremist group dress, behave in work in real life situation and how situations are consistent with the established structure;
- report about the results of their observations from the field;
- make a presentation with conclusions and reflect on how this could be resolved in the future.

### Participants

Students in primary, secondary and third education level.

### Description

#### Part 1: Preparation for systematic observation

**Step 1:** Trainer/teacher write names of local extremist group and ask learners, if names are familiar to them. Those who answer with yes are invited to tell more about name(s), which they know.

**Step 2:** Trainer/teacher use pictures (or videos) to explain functioning and structure of extremist groups. The motives of the photos must contain:

- symbols they used and their meaning,
- dress code,
- hierarchy pyramid with rules of conduct
- indirect communication strategies, which are used in public places (stickers on poles or benches, graffiti, ownership of certain parts and pubs in the city
- events, where they take part.

## **Step 2:** Analyzing websites

**Part 1:** Learners divide into 3-4 groups and search for information on websites of local extremist groups. First they need to make general research analysis at level 1, then they need to use it as base for questions at level 2 (synthesis). Level 3 include questions for further research.

### **Level 1:**

1. What is average profile of their member: gender, age, level of education, nationality, social-economical status?
2. Which is their symbol? From where is taken and what does it mean?
3. What is their slogan?
4. What they have been publishing recently on their website?

### **Level 2:**

1. Which problems has been facing citizens with average profile of member in your city?
2. How is their symbol connected with their aims and acts?
3. Are their ideas similar with political objectives of certain programs?
4. What are they used to convince you into their right?

### **Level 3:**

1. Which conditions can be matched by local groups that may be classified as an extremist?
2. Where they act differently?

## **Part 2.**

### **Step 1: Visiting public event, f.e.: football match, protest, Pride parade**

For answers in level 3 learners have the opportunity to attend public event, where one of the extremist group will be present. Since it is a public event, there will be also police, ambulance and firefighters to ensure safety visitors, which also include learners. Task include guided situational observation for which learners need to be prepared in advance and where they used structured observation forms.

Observation forms have a form of check list and are adjusted for different aspects:

- symbols;
- functioning structure,
- communication with each other;
- communication with others;
- dress code;
- behavior patterns
- type of violence acts

To ensure also further safety trainer/teacher can locate students out of immediate vicinity of the members and take care that they do not come into direct contact.

### Part 3: Presentation of the findings and summary of conclusions

**Step 1: Option 1:** Learners read findings from observation form, trainer/teacher frontally complies check list in PP presentation.

**Option 2:** Lernasers get access to data base and insert their findings in it at home. Teacher prepare animation with comparisons.

#### Step 2: Final part

1. **What can we conclud on the basis of results?** How behaviors in real situation consistent with the predicted one.
2. **Can we generalized them to all?** No, because we observed only one time and only one group at a single event.
3. **Where it come to deviation? What can be reasons?**
4. **What has surprised you?**
5. **What were you expecting?**

#### Materials needed

Discussion pannel, laptops/computers, internet, forms o with questionnaires observation forms.

#### Methodology

Explanation, demonstration, work with pictures and videos, analysis, synthesis, observation with the participation, summarizing and draw of conclusions, public speaking.

#### Advice for Trainer

If there are no local extremist groups trainer/teacher can take as an example the most known one on national or wordwide level.

If there is no chance for situational observations in the field, students can make an analysis of the video. Some of researches and scientist articles about extremism are available also on: <http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/>

#### Source / Literature

Original material developed for the purpose of the YCARE project.



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